## Food and Drug Administration, HHS

part 181 of this chapter, do not exist or have been waived.

[51 FR 16830, May 7, 1986]

### §186.1673 Pulp.

- (a) Pulp is the soft, spongy pith inside the stem of a plant such as wood, straw, sugarcane, or other natural plant sources.
- (b) The ingredient is used or intended for use as a constituent of food packaging containers.
- (c) The ingredient is used in paper and paperboard made by conventional paper-making processes at levels not to exceed good manufacturing practice.
- (d) Prior sanctions for this ingredient different from the uses established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

#### § 186.1750 Sodium chlorite.

- (a) Sodium chlorite (NaCLO<sub>2</sub>, CAS Reg. No. 7758–19–2) exists as slightly hygroscopic white crystals or flakes. It is manufactured by passing chlorine dioxide into a solution of sodium hydroxide and hydrogen peroxide.
- (b) the ingredient is used at levels from 125 to 250 parts per million as a slimicide in the manufacture of paper and paperboard that contact food.

[45 FR 16470, Mar. 14, 1980]

## § 186.1756 Sodium formate.

- (a) Sodium formate (CHNaO<sub>2</sub>, CAS Reg. No. 141–53–7) is the sodium salt of formic acid. It is produced by the reaction of carbon monoxide with sodium hydroxide.
- (b) The ingredient is used as a constituent of paper and paperboard used for food packaging.
- (c) The ingredient is used at levels not to exceed good manufacturing practice in accordance with §186.1(b)(1).
- (d) Prior sanctions for sodium formate different from the uses established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

[45 FR 22915, Apr. 4, 1980]

# § 186.1770 Sodium oleate.

(a) Sodium oleate  $(C_{18}H_{33}O_2Na, CAS Reg. No. 143-19-1)$  is the sodium salt of oleic acid (*cis-9*-octadecenoic acid). It exists as a white to yellowish powder with a slight tallow-like odor. Com-

mercially, sodium oleate is made by mixing and heating flaked sodium hydroxide and oleic acid.

- (b) In accordance with §186.1(b)(1), the ingredient is used as a constituent of paper and paperboard for food packaging and as a component of lubricants with incidental food contact in accordance with §178.3570 of this chapter, with no limitation other than current good manufacturing practice.
- (c) Prior sanctions for this ingredient different from the uses established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

[51 FR 39372, Oct. 28, 1986]

#### §186.1771 Sodium palmitate.

- (a) Sodium palmitate ( $C_{16}H_{31}O_2Na$ , CAS Reg. No. 408–35–5) is the sodium salt of palmitic acid (hexadecanoic acid). It exists as a white to yellow powder. Commercially, sodium palmitate is made by mixing and heating flaked sodium hydroxide and palmitic acid.
- (b) In accordance with §186.1(b)(1), the ingredient is used as a constituent of paper and paperboard for food packaging with no limitation other than current good manufacturing practice.
- (c) Prior sanctions for this ingredient different from the uses established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

[51 FR 39372, Oct. 28, 1986]

## §186.1797 Sodium sulfate.

- (a) Sodium sulfate ( $Na_2SO_4$ , CAS Reg. No. 7757–82–6), also known as Glauber's salt, occurs naturally and exists as colorless crystals or as a fine, white crystalline powder. It is prepared by the neutralization of sulfuric acid with sodium hydroxide.
- (b) The ingredient is used as a constituent of paper and paperboard used for food packaging, and cotton and cotton fabric used for dry food packaging.
- (c) The ingredient is used at levels not to exceed good manufacturing practice in accordance with §186.1(b)(1).
- (d) Prior sanctions for this ingredient different from the uses established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

[45 FR 6086, Jan. 25, 1980]